

# BELIZE

# DISTRICT COURTS (PROCEDURE) ACT CHAPTER 97

# **REVISED EDITION 2000** SHOWING THE LAW AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2000

This is a revised edition of the law, prepared by the Law Revision Commissioner under the authority of the Law Revision Act, Chapter 3 of the Laws of Belize, Revised Edition 1980 - 1990.

This edition contains a consolidation of the following laws-	Page
ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS	3
DISTRICT COURTS (PROCEDURE) ACT	8
Amendments in force as at 31st December, 2000.	



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## CHAPTER 97

## DISTRICT COURTS (PROCEDURE)

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District Courts (Procedure)

## CHAPTER 97

Ch. 11, R.L., 1958. CAP. 74, r.e. 1980-1990.	DISTRICT COURTS (PROCEDURE)		
8 of 1970. 21 of 1985. 22 of 1987.	[9th May, 1953]		
Short title.	1. This Act may be cited as the District Courts (Procedure) Act.		
	Preliminary		
Interpretation.	2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:-		
	"action" means any proceeding commenced by plaint in the court;		
	"bailiff" means a bailiff of the court;		
	"cause" includes any action, suit or other original proceeding between a plain- tiff and a defendant;		
	"claim" means any debt, demand or damage claimed, or any chattel or thing sought to be recovered, under this Act;		
	"clerk" means a clerk of the court;		
CAP. 94.	"court" means a district court established under the Inferior Courts Act;		
	"defendant" means a person against whom any proceedings in respect of a claim are taken;		
	"district" means a judicial district;		
	"execution-creditor" means a person in whose favour execution has been is- sued;		
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"execution-debtor" means a person against whom execution has been issued;

"judgment" includes the dismissal of a claim as well as any other adjudication, order or decision of a magistrate under this Act;

"party" includes every person served with notice of or lawfully attending any proceeding;

"plaintiff" means any person taking proceedings in respect of a claim.

Jurisdiction and Law

3.-(1) The court shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine-

- (a) all personal actions for the recovery of any debt, demand or damages where the amount claimed, whether on balance of account or otherwise, does not exceed five thousand dollars;
- (b) all actions for the recovery of any chattel or thing, where the value of the chattel or thing does not exceed five thousand dollars,

and such actions may be commenced in the court and dealt with in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

(2) The court shall not have cognisance of any action in which any incorporeal right, or the title to any real property, is or may be in question, or in which the validity of any devise, bequest or limitation under any will or settlement is or may be disputed, or of any action for malicious prosecution, libel, slander, seduction or breach of promise of marriage.

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Jurisdiction of district court. 21 of 1985.

10	CAP. 97]	District Courts (Procedure)
	(3) The	court shall have jurisdiction where-
	<i>(a)</i>	the defendant resides in the district; or
	<i>(b)</i>	the breach of contract occurred or the cause of action arose wholly or in part within the district; or
	(c)	the chattel or thing the subject-matter of the action is in the district.
Jurisdiction as to penalties imposed by corporate and other bodies. 21 of 1985.	any penalty, body corpor members the	court shall have jurisdiction over any action for the recovery of not exceeding five thousand dollars, imposed by the rules of any rate, public body or institution or other lawful society upon the ereof or the subscribers thereto, for the infraction of the rules of ly corporate, public body, institution or other society.
Cause of action not to be divided. 8 of 1970. 21 of 1985.	two or more more than fiv Act, may ab	plaintiff may not split any cause of action for the purpose of bringing actions in the court, but any plaintiff who has a cause of action for re thousand dollars, for which an action may be brought under this andon the excess and shall thereupon, on proving his case, re- mount not exceeding five thousand dollars.
		judgment of the court in such action shall be in full discharge of all respect of such cause of action, and entry of judgment shall be ingly.
Jurisdiction when action is for balance of account not exceeding \$5000. 21 of 1985.	exceeding fr mand claime	ere in any action, the amount claimed consists of a balance, not ve thousand dollars, after an admitted set-off of any debt or de- ed, or recoverable by the defendant from the plaintiff, the court risdiction to hear and determine that action.
Action by or against an executor.	manner as if	executor or administrator may sue or be sued in the court in like the were a party in his own right, and judgment and execution shall in the like cases, would be given or issued in the Supreme Court.

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8. Any person under the age of eighteen years may prosecute any action in the court for any sum of money, not exceeding five thousand dollars, which may be due to him for wages or piece work or for work as a servant in the same manner, and with the same liability to the payment of costs, if he is unsuccessful in his action, as if he were of full age.

9. A married woman may sue or be sued alone as if she were a *feme sole*.

10.-(1) Where a plaintiff has any claim against two or more persons jointly answerable, it shall be sufficient if any of such persons is or are served with process, and judgment may be obtained and execution issued against the person or persons so served, notwithstanding that others jointly liable may not have been sued or served or may not be within the jurisdiction of the court.

(2) Every such person against whom judgment has been obtained and who satisfies such judgment shall be entitled to demand and recover in the court contribution from any other person jointly liable with him.

## Institution of Action

11. Every action in a court shall be commenced by the plaintiff lodging with the clerk a statement in writing of his claim, in this Act referred to as a plaint, stating the names and last known places of abode of the parties, and the particulars of the plaintiff's demand or cause of action and as many copies thereof as there are defendants.

12. The clerk shall thereupon prepare and issue a summons which shall be served on the defendant three days at least, or such greater number of days as may be prescribed, before the day on which the court wherein the action is to be tried is to be held.

Action by or against married woman.

Action by infant for wages.

8 of 1970.

21 of 1985.

Procedure where several persons jointly liable.

Commencement of action.

Issue of summons defendant. Schedule, Form 1.

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12	<b>CAP. 97]</b>	District Courts (Procedure)
Misnomer not to vitiate summons.		ccurate description of any person or place in shall vitiate it, if the person or place is therein only known.
	hearing to have deceived or	accurate description appears to the court at the misled the defendant, the court may make any it is expedient to do so, adjourn the further hear- as the court thinks fit.
Service of summons.	plaint annexed thereto, with t son at his residence or most	ons shall be made by leaving it with a copy of the he defendant personally, or with some adult per- usual place of abode or at his place of business the nature and purport thereof.
	(2) If it is proved upon o defendant-	ath to the satisfaction of the magistrate that the
		the way or keeps his house closed to avoid e summons, or
	· · ·	from Belize for the purpose of evading his hout leaving any legally authorised person to n,
	with a copy of the plaint, on	service shall be made by affixing the summons, one of the doors of the defendant's residence or e of abode or place of business.
Summons may be served within one year from date of issue.	a particular date has not been	or the appearance of a defendant at the court on served, it may lawfully be served for his appear- sequent date not later than twelve months after ons was issued.
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	District Courts (Procedure)	[CAP. 97	13
· · ·	ess otherwise directed by the court or required by all be oral and may be raised at any stage of the pr gment.	<b>,</b>	Mode of procedure.
infancy or o	ne defendant relies on a set-off, or claims to hav of any statute of limitation, the plaintiff shall be en f the trial if he satisfies the court that he is taken by e.	titled to a post-	
17(1) The hearing-	defendant may at any time not less than two days	before the	Payment into court by defendant.
(a)	file a consent in writing to judgment whereupon the shall enter judgment for the amount of the claim a		
(b)	pay into court such sum of money as he may think satisfaction for the claim of the plaintiff, together v costs incurred by the plaintiff up to the time of suc	with the	
delay be cor	ice of the filing of such consent or of such paymer nmunicated by the clerk to the plaintiff by causing it most usual place of abode or at his place of busin	t to be delivered	
(3) The plaintiff.	money so paid into court shall without delay be p	aid to the	
action than	e plaintiff elects to proceed and recovers no furthe has been so paid into court, he may be ordered by efendant the costs incurred by the defendant in the nt.	the court to	

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District Courts (Procedure)

### Witnesses

Summons for witnesses. Schedule, Form 2. 18.-(1) Either of the parties to an action or matter may obtain from the clerk summonses for witnesses to appear at the hearing of the action or matter and give evidence or give evidence and produce any books, deeds, papers, writings or articles in their possession or control.

(2) The provisions contained in sections 14 and 15 with respect to service of the summons on a defendant shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to service of a summons on a witness.

Witnesses not appearing or refusing to testify. 19.-(1) Every person who-

- (a) having been served with a summons as a witness in any cause or matter and having been paid or had tendered to him his travelling expenses according to the prescribed scale, refuses or neglects, without sufficient cause, to appear and give evidence, or to appear and give evidence and produce any books, deeds, papers, writings or articles in his possession or control, in obedience to that summons, or
- (b) being present in court and required to give evidence, refuses to be sworn or give evidence,

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars.

(2) The whole or any part of such fine shall, after deducting the costs, be applicable, in the discretion of the magistrate, towards indemnifying the party injured by the refusal or neglect, and the remainder, if any, shall be received and accounted for by the clerk.

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### Hearing of Action

20. Either party may be represented by an attorney, and for any reason which may appear to him to be sufficient, the magistrate may allow a relative, servant or agent of the plaintiff or defendant to appear and act for such party.

21.-(1) If on the day of hearing or at any adjournment thereof the plaintiff does not appear, and does not sufficiently excuse his absence, the action may be struck out.

(2) If he appears, but does not make proof of his claim to the satisfaction of the court, the magistrate may nonsuit him or give judgment for the defendant.

(3) In either case, where the defendant appears and does not admit the claim, the magistrate may award the defendant in addition to costs, a further sum not exceeding five dollars by way of compensation for his trouble and attendance which the magistrate in his discretion thinks fit.

22.-(1) If on the day of hearing or at any adjournment thereof the plaintiff appears, but the defendant does not appear or sufficiently excuse his absence, or neglects to answer when called in court, the magistrate may on due proof of service of the summons proceed to the hearing and trial of the action on the part of the plaintiff only, and the judgment thereupon shall be as valid as if both parties had appeared.

(2) In any such case the magistrate may, at the same or any subsequent sitting of the court, set aside any judgment so given in the absence of the defendant, and the execution thereupon, and grant a new hearing upon such terms, if any, as to the payment of costs, giving security or otherwise, as he may think just on sufficient cause being shown to him for that purpose.

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Procedure when plaintiff fails to appear or to prove his case.

Procedure when defendant fails to appear.

16	CAP. 97]	District Courts (Procedure)
Procedure when both parties appear.	defendant does order that he n proceed to hea	he day of hearing both parties appear, the magistrate, if the not admit the claim, shall read out the plaint to the defendant in any make his answer or defence thereto, and shall thereafter and determine the cause and give judgment without further nal joinder of issue.
	otherwise expr ing, and if the co	tnesses on both sides shall, unless the court in any instance essly orders, be called and placed out of court and out of hear- ourt thinks fit, under charge of an officer of the court or of some pointed by the court for that purpose.
	he may examin claim, and also and such other	art shall then proceed to hear the plaintiff and such witnesses as e, and such other evidence as he may adduce in support of his to hear the defendant and such witnesses as he may examine, evidence as he may adduce in his defence, and also to hear as the plaintiff may, with leave of the court, examine in reply.
	dence of any ca	to the powers of amendment conferred by this Act, no evi- use of action shall be given by the plaintiff on the hearing unless tion is stated in the plaint.
	dence, or of so	gistrate shall, in every case, take notes in writing of the evi- much thereof as is material, in a book to be kept for that he book shall be signed by the magistrate at the conclusion of needings.
Addresses.	commencemen	ntiff or his attorney shall be entitled to address the court at the t of his case and the defendant or his attorney shall be entitled ourt at the commencement or the conclusion of his case, as he
		efendant examines any witnesses or himself gives any evidence, his attorney may, with leave of the court, reply on the conclu- ndant's case.
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25. On the conclusion of the hearing, the court shall, either at the same or at a subsequent sitting of the court, give its judgment in the cause, and shall, if so required by the plaintiff or defendant, give the reasons therefor in writing to the plaintiff or defendant, as the case may be.

26. If the plaintiff in an action for the recovery of any chattel or thing establishes his claim, judgment shall be given for the delivery of the chattel or thing or for the payment of the value thereof as proved at the hearing and the court may award in addition such damages as the justice of the case may require.

## Reference

27. The magistrate may, after deciding or reserving the decision of any question of liability, refer to the clerk any mere matter of account which is in dispute between the parties and, after deciding the question of liability, may, if he thinks fit, give judgment on the clerk's report.

28.-(1) The magistrate may, with the consent of both parties to an action, order the action, with or without other matters within the jurisdiction of the court in dispute between the parties, to be referred to arbitration to the person or persons, and in the manner, and on the terms he thinks reasonable and just.

(2) Subject to subsections (3) and (4), the reference shall not be revocable by either party except with the leave of the magistrate, and the award of the arbitrator or arbitrators, or of the umpire, as the case may be, shall be entered as the judgment in the action, and shall be as binding and effectual to all intents as if given by the magistrate.

(3) The magistrate may, if he thinks fit, with the consent of both parties, set aside any award given as stated in subsection (2), or revoke the reference, or order another reference to be made in the manner mentioned in subsection (1).

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clerk.

account to the

Reference of matter of

Reference to arbitration in certain cases.

Judgment on conclusion of

hearing

Judgment in

recovery of

action for

chattel.

(4) It shall be competent for either party to appeal from any award entered as the judgment of the court, as in the case of a judgment given by the magistrate.

### Powers relating to Actions

Transfer of action. 29.-(1) If, on the hearing of any application for that purpose, the magistrate is satisfied by either party to any action pending in the court that the action can be more conveniently or fairly heard in some other court of like jurisdiction, he may order that it be transferred to that court.

(2) In that case, the clerk of the court in which the action was commenced shall forthwith transmit, by post or otherwise, to the clerk of the court to which it is to be sent, a certified copy of all the proceedings therein, and the magistrate of the last-mentioned court shall appoint a day for the hearing, notice whereof shall be sent, by post or otherwise, by the clerk of that court to all parties interested, and thenceforth all proceedings in the action shall be taken in that court as if the action had been commenced therein.

Transfer of actions of contract or tort from district court to the Supreme Court. 21 of 1985. 30.-(1) Where there is commenced in a district court any action founded on contract or tort for the recovery of any penalty, expenses, contribution or other like demand, wherein the plaintiff claims a sum exceeding three thousand dollars but not exceeding five thousand dollars, the defendant may, within such time as may be prescribed, give notice that he objects to the action being tried in that court and, where such a notice is given, the magistrate shall order that the action be transferred to the Supreme Court if-

- *(a)* the defendant gives security approved by the magistrate for the amount claimed and the costs of trial in the Supreme Court, not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of six thousand dollars; and
- (b) the magistrate certifies that in his opinion some important question of law or fact is likely to arise.

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District Courts (Procedure)	[CAP. 97	19
(2) Any action so transferred shall be tried in the Supremand in accordance with the summary procedure of that Court.	e Court under	
31. Where an action is commenced in the court over which no jurisdiction, the magistrate shall order it to be struck out, a power to award costs in the same manner, to the same extent, ar in the same manner as if the court had jurisdiction therein and the not appeared or had appeared and failed to proved his claim.	and shall have nd recoverable	Action brought without jurisdiction.
32. If any party sues another in any court for any cause of ac he has already sued him and obtained judgment in the same or an proof that the former action was brought and judgment obtained and the party so suing shall not be entitled to recover in the seco may, if the court thinks fit, be adjudged to pay three times the second action to the opposite party.	ny other court, may be given, nd action, and	Second action for same cause.
33. The magistrate may in any case make any order for grant plaintiff or the defendant to proceed in the prosecution or defenc or he may from time to time adjourn any court, or the hearing or to of any cause or matter, in manner to him seeming fit.	e of the action,	Adjournment.
34. A cause shall not be deemed to have lapsed by reason of the magistrate to attend on the day of the hearing or adjourned he but in that case the parties may again, on another day to the magi fit, be brought before the court by an oral or written notification istrate or the clerk.	earing thereof, strate seeming	Failure of magistrate to attend on day of hearing.
35(1) If in any case the court is satisfied by an unsuccessful part that he was prevented by circumstances beyond his control fro case fully before the court at the first hearing of the action or that was obtained by fraud or other improper conduct on the part of party, the court may, if it thinks proper, order a new hearing of the had upon the terms it thinks reasonable, and in the meantime stat	om placing his t the judgment the successful he action to be	Order for new hearing.

THE SUBSTANTIVE LAWS OF BELIZE

ings in the action.

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20	CAP. 97]	District Courts (Procedure)
CAP. 91.	(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to take away or in any man- ner affect any right of appeal under Part VIII of the Supreme Court of Judica- ture Act.	
		Costs
Costs in courts.	. ,	awarding of costs shall be in the discretion of the magistrate who ower to award and apportion them in any manner he thinks fit.
	• •	attorney for either party shall not be entitled to any costs where lved in the action does not exceed ten dollars.
	(3) Whe	re an action, counterclaim or matter is ordered to be transferred-
	(a)	from the Supreme Court to a district court; or
	<i>(b)</i>	from a district court to the Supreme Court; or
	<i>(c)</i>	from one district court to another district court,
	subject to an discretion of shall have po under which	the whole proceedings both before and after the transfer shall, by order made by the court which ordered the transfer, be in the the court to which the proceedings are transferred, and that court ower to make orders with respect thereto and as to the scales the costs of the several parts of the proceedings are to be taxed, s of the whole proceedings shall be taxed in that court.
		cution may issue for the recovery of a party's fees and costs in like r the amount of any judgment.
	(5) The party.	court shall have power to refuse costs in whole or in part to either
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No. 1 Power Lane, Belmopan, by the authority of the Government of Belize. (6) Any party to an action may apply by summons to a judge of the Supreme Court in chambers for a review of the taxation by the magistrate of any bill of costs in such action.

## **Execution** Generally

37. Whenever the court has given judgment for the payment of money, the amount shall be recoverable, in case of default or failure of payment thereof, forthwith, or at the time or times and in the manner thereby directed, by a writ of execution against the goods and chattels of the party against whom such judgment has been given.

38. If the court has given judgment for payment of any sum of money by instalments, execution upon such judgment shall not issue against the party until after default in payment of some instalment according to such judgment, and execution may then issue for the whole of the said sum of money and costs then remaining unpaid, or for such portion as the court may order, either at the time of giving judgment or at some subsequent time.

39. If there are cross-judgments between the parties to any action, execution shall be taken out by that party only who has obtained judgment for the larger sum, and for so much only as may remain after deducting the smaller sum, and satisfaction for the remainder shall be entered as well as satisfaction on the judgment for the smaller sum, and if the two sums are equal, satisfaction shall be entered upon both judgments.

40. Upon the application of the party prosecuting the judgment, the clerk shall issue a writ of execution to levy the amount due on such judgment and costs and also all costs incurred subsequent to the judgment.

41. The precise time when an application is made to issue the writ of execution shall be entered by the clerk in the execution book and on the writ of execution, and when more writs than one are delivered to the bailiff to be executed, he shall execute them in the order of the times so entered.

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Printed by the Government Printer, No. 1 Power Lane, Belmopan, by the authority of the Government of Belize. Enforcement of judgment by execution. Schedule, Form 3.

Execution in case of judgment for payment by instalments.

Execution in case of cross-judgments.

Issue of writ of execution. Schedule, Form 3.

Entry of time of application for writ.

22	CAP. 97]	District Courts (Procedure)
Endorsement on writ.	and costs adj	n every writ of execution the clerk shall state the sum of money udged together with the sums allowed by this Act as increased execution of the writ.
Power to stay execution.	party to an ac discharge the thereof, the given or exec	any time it appears to the satisfaction of the magistrate that any etion is unable from sickness or other sufficient cause to pay and a amount of any judgment given against him, or any instalment magistrate may in his discretion suspend or stay any judgment ution issued in such action, for such time and on such terms as the nks fit, and so from time to time until it appears that such cause of geased.
Terms of writ, etc.	writ the bailif chattels of the as may be so	writ of execution shall be addressed to the bailiff, and by such f shall be empowered to levy by seizure and sale of the goods and e party wherever they may be found in Belize, such sum of money ordered, and also the cost of the execution, and all police offic- n the execution of every such writ.
Mode of procedure.	court against and take any apparel and b five dollars, t from such se cheques, bill	y bailiff executing any process of execution issuing out of the the goods and chattels of any person may by virtue thereof seize of the goods and chattels of such person, except the wearing edding of such person and his family, and to the value of twenty- he tools and implements of his trade, which shall be protected izure, and may also seize and take any money or notes and any s of exchange, promissory notes, bonds or other securities for ging to any such person against whom such execution has been
Mode of dealing with cheques, etc., levied on.	exchange, pr have been sei hold them as or so much th	bailiff shall forthwith deliver to the magistrate any cheques, bills of comissory notes, bonds or other securities for money which may zed or taken under any writ of execution, and the magistrate shall security for the amount directed to be levied by such execution, hereof as has not been otherwise levied or raised, for the benefit on whose behalf the writ was issued.
THE SUBSTANTIV	E LAWS OF BELIZ	E REVISED EDITION 2000 Printed by the Government Printer,

Printed by the Government Printer, No. 1 Power Lane, Belmopan, by the authority of the Government of Belize. (2) Such party may sue in the name of the party against whom the writ was issued, or in the name of any person in whose name such latter party might have sued, for the recovery of the sum or sums secured or made payable thereby, when the time of payment thereof has arrived.

47.-(1) All goods and chattels taken under any writ of execution shall remain in the custody of the bailiff until sale and delivery to a purchaser.

(2) If the property is of a perishable nature, or if not, then with the consent in writing of the party against whom the writ has been issued, the bailiff may sell it at any time before that at which it would otherwise be sold.

(3) Property levied on shall be set up for sale by public auction not less than five days and not more than ten days after levy thereon:

Provided that-

- (a) the bailiff may, if he is unable from want of time to complete the sale, adjourn it to some other day, not more than three days distant, and so on as often as may be necessary; and
- (b) the magistrate may, if he thinks fit, direct that the sale be postponed for any time not exceeding twenty-eight days after the levy.

(4) Subject to subsection (5), wherever the property levied on is apparently over five thousand dollars in value, it shall be set up for sale by the bailiff 21 of 1985. at the magistrate's court in the district in which the levy is made.

(5) The magistrate may, if he thinks fit, in any particular case direct the sale to be held at any other place in the district.

(6) Every sale shall take place between the hours of seven o'clock in the morning and three o'clock in the afternoon, and every thing set up for sale

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Execution sale of goods and chattels seized.

shall be knocked down to the highest bidder for ready money.

(7) Notice of the day and hour of sale of any horses, mules or horned cattle, and of any other goods and chattels, apparently over one hundred and fifty dollars in value levied on, shall be published in a newspaper of Belize four days at least before the day of the sale, and a copy of the notice shall, within that time, be posted on the door of the magistrate's court of the district in which the levy is made.

(8) The bailiff shall act as auctioneer for the purpose of execution salesCAP. 274. under this Act, and the provisions of the Auctioneers Act shall not apply to him when acting as such.

Claim for rent in arrear. 48.-(1) The landlord of any house or other building in which any goods are taken in execution may claim the rent thereof at any time within five days from the date of such taking, or before the removal of the goods, by delivering to the bailiff making the levy a statutory declaration signed by himself or his agent, which shall state the amount of rent claimed to be in arrear, and the time for and in respect of which such rent is due.

> (2) If any such claim is made, the bailiff making the levy shall, in addition thereto, distrain for the rent so claimed and the costs of such distress, and shall not within five days next after such distress sell any part of the goods taken unless they are of a perishable nature or with the consent in writing of the party whose goods were taken, and the bailiff shall afterwards sell such of the goods taken in execution as may satisfy, first the costs of, and incidental to, the sale, next the claim of such landlord, not exceeding the rent of four weeks where the house or other building is let by the week, the rent of two terms of payment where the house or other building is let for any other term less than a year, and the rent of one year in any other case, and lastly the amount for which the writ of execution was issued, and the surplus proceeds of the sale, if any, and the residue of the goods taken shall be returned to the party against whom the writ was issued.

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(3) The fees and costs of the bailiff in respect of such distress shall be the same as would have been payable if the distress had been an execution of the court, and no other fees shall be demanded or taken in respect thereof.

49. When a writ against the goods of a party has issued out of the Supreme Court, and a writ against the goods of the same party has issued out of a district court, the right to the goods seized shall be determined by the priority of the time of the delivery of the writ to the Registrar to be executed, or of the application to the clerk for the issue of the writ to be executed, and the Registrar shall, on demand in writing signed by him, inform the bailiff of the precise time of such delivery of the writ, and the bailiff shall, on demand, show his writ to the Registrar or his deputy, and such writing purporting to be signed, and the endorsement on the writ, shall respectively be sufficient justification to the bailiff or Registrar or his deputy acting thereon.

#### Interpleader

50.-(1) On an application made by or on behalf of any defendant before the hearing of any action, to the effect that he does not claim any interest in the subject-matter of the action, but that the right thereto belongs to some third party who has sued or is expected to sue for the same, and that he does not collide with the third party, the court shall issue a summons to the third party, as the defendant in an action on a feigned issue, in which action the plaintiff in the original action shall be the plaintiff, and the court shall hear and determine that action in a summary way, and the judgment shall be final, subject to the right of either party to appeal therefrom, and in the meantime all proceedings in the original action shall be stayed.

(2) If the third party does not appear after having been duly summoned, any judgment given with regard to him shall be final and in bar of any claim he may have as against the defendant in the original action, subject, however, to the right of appeal mentioned in this section.

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Stakeholder's interpleader.

Priority of executions

issuing out of

the Supreme

Court and the

district court.

Schedule, Form 4.

26	CAP. 97]	District Courts (Procedure)
Bailiff's interpleader.	taken in exec thereof, he sh	re any person desires to make a claim to any personal property oution under the process of the court or to the proceeds or value all make the claim in the court of the district where the writ issued rt of the district where that property was taken in execution.
Schedule, Forms 5 and 6.	the execution party making was issued as to hear and c and the judg	court shall thereupon, on the application of the bailiff who levied or of the party on whose behalf the writ was issued, summon the g the claim as the plaintiff, and the party on whose behalf a writ s the defendant, to appear before it, and shall thereupon proceed etermine the matter in a summary way as in an ordinary action, ment as between the parties shall be final, subject to the right of o appeal therefrom.
	50 as in an o	court shall have the same powers under this section and section rdinary action before it and costs shall be apportionable and n the same manner as in an ordinary action.
CAP. 94.	shall be those	to be demanded in all interpleader actions under this section e chargeable and payable in ordinary actions as set forth in Table edule to the Inferior Courts Act.
Deposit of value of property taken.	may deposite that value to paid into cou which the ba the goods un prescribed m of the claima	re any claim as mentioned in section 51 is made, the claimant with the bailiff either the amount of the value of the goods claimed, be fixed by appraisement in case of dispute, to be by the bailiff art to abide the decision of the court upon the claim, or the sum diff may be allowed to charge as costs for keeping possession of til the decision can be obtained, or may give to the bailiff, in the anner, security for the value of the goods claimed and, in default nt so doing, the bailiff shall sell the goods as if the claim had not nd shall pay into court the proceeds of sale to abide the decision

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#### Execution against Real Property

53.-(1) If no personal property of the execution-debtor, with reasonable diligence, is found, or if that property is insufficient to satisfy the judgment, and the execution-debtor is the owner of a land, the execution-creditor may apply, by petition, to a judge of the Supreme Court for an order for the sale of that land in accordance with the provisions of Order 46 of the Supreme Court Rules.

(2) If the judge is satisfied by affidavit or otherwise that the executiondebtor has no personal property wherewith to satisfy the judgment but is the owner of land, he may make an order directing that the said land be sold and thereupon all the provisions of Order 46 relating to execution and sale of the land of an execution-debtor shall apply and have effect as if the execution had originally issued out of the Supreme Court.

(3) Title to any land so sold shall be granted by the Supreme Court to the purchaser in like manner as title is for the time being granted in respect of other execution sales.

54.-(1) For the purpose of executing any process of execution issuing out of the court under the provisions of this Act, every house or other building belonging to the owner of the land on which it stands shall be dealt with as real property and be leviable accordingly, and where any house or other building is on leased land, the estate of the owner of the house or other building in and to the land comprised within the lease shall be sold, together with the house or other building, and it shall be dealt with as real property.

(2) In such case any rent reserved by the lease and remaining unpaid for a period not exceeding six months prior to the date of sale shall be a first charge on the proceeds of the sale next after the costs of, and incidental to, the sale have been satisfied.

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Sub.Leg. 1991 Edn. Vol. III. CAP. 82. p. 29.

Execution against buildings.

28	CAP. 97]	District Courts (Procedure)
Payment of amount after levy	personal or r the case may tion, or that p full satisfaction tioned in the	e execution-debtor, after levy and before any actual sale of his eal property, pays or tenders to the bailiff or to the Registrar, as be, the sum of money and costs mentioned in the writ of execu- bart thereof which the person entitled thereto agrees to accept in on of his debt or damages and costs, together with the fees men- writ, the execution shall be superseded, and the personal or real he said party so levied upon shall be discharged and released.
		Commitment
Order of commitment. CAP. 168.	made by the court to be is court, who sh	never any order of commitment under the Debtors Act has been court, or any warrant of attachment has been ordered by the sued, the order or warrant shall be directed to the bailiff of any hall be empowered thereby to take the body of the person against der has been made or warrant issued.
	ecution of ev tendent or Ko bound to reco	eace officers within their several jurisdictions shall aid in the ex- ery order or warrant mentioned in this section, and the Superin- eeper of every prison mentioned in the order or warrant shall be eive and keep the person therein mentioned until he is discharged ovisions of this Act or otherwise in due course of law.
		Miscellaneous Provisions
Effect of irregularity in proceedings.	instance it is larity or infor pends, or in t aggrieved ma	ailiff in executing any writ of execution, and no person at whose executed, shall be deemed a trespasser by reason of any irregu- rmality in any proceedings on the validity of which the writ de- he form of the writ, or in the mode of executing it, but the party ay bring an action against the party guilty thereof for any special ay have sustained by reason of the irregularity or informality.
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_	District Courts (Procedure)	[CAP. 97	29
	58(1) The court may at all times amend all defects and errors ings in such court, whether there is anything in writing to am whether the defect or error is that of the party applying to amo	nend or not, and	Powers of amendment.
	(2) All such amendments may be made with or without such terms as to the court may seem just, and all such amendr necessary for the purpose of determining the real question in tween the parties shall be so made, if duly applied for.	ments as may be	
	59(1) The clerk shall keep a record book of cases under this book there shall be entered, in the proper columns respectively the case, the date of lodging the claim, the date of issuing the name of the plaintiff, the name of the defendant, the substance date of judgment, a minute of the judgment and the costs.	y, the number of e summons, the	Keeping of record book of cases, etc. Schedule, Form 7.
	(2) The clerk shall also keep an account, in a book belong of all moneys paid into or out of court.	ing to the court,	
	60. Any affidavit to be used in the court may be sworn to istrate or any justice of the peace.	before the mag-	Affidavit, by whom taken.
	61. Subject to any rules, the forms contained in the Scho such variations and additions as the circumstances of the part require, be used in the cases to which they respectively app used, shall be good and sufficient in law.	ticular case may	Use of forms. Schedule.

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SCHEDULE

[Section 61]

FORM NO. 1

[Section 12]

Summons to Defendant

BELIZE

In the

District Court.

ТО

of

YOU are hereby summoned to appear in this Court at on day of the at o'clock in the noon to answer in an action brought against you by a copy of whose claim is hereto annexed, and take notice that, in default of your so doing the said may proceed to judgment and execution against you. **DATED** this day of , 20 .

Magistrate.

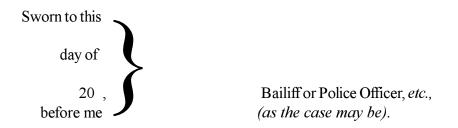
*Note.*-Summonses for witnesses and for the production of documents by them will be issued upon application at the office of the Magistrate, upon payment of the proper fee.

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### Endorsement on Summons

This summons was served at on the day of *(state mode of service and when)* and I moreover told the defendant that he was to appear on the day of before the District Court.



*N.B.*-This original summons is to be returned by the person effecting service immediately after service into the District Court from whence it issued.

The Defendant shall be served three clear days at least before the sitting of the Court as stated within, but the service, though it may be short service for the day named in the writ shall hold good for the first subsequent sitting of the Court:

Provided that service shall be effected within one year after process issued.

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## FORM NO. 2

[Section 18]

Summons to Witness

BELIZE

In the

District Court.

Plaintiff.

VS.

Defendant.

ТО

of

YOU are hereby required to attend at o'clock in the noon on the day of , 20 , at before the as a witness in the above on behalf of the *(and you are also required to bring with you).* 

If without reasonable excuse you make default in obeying this summons you will be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars.

**DATED** this

day of

, 20 .

Magistrate.

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District Courts	s (Procedure)	[CAP. 97	33
Ι	FORM NO. 3		
[Sec	ctions 37 and 40]		
Wi	rit of Execution		
BELIZE.			
In the	District Court.		
		Plaintiff.	
	VS.		
		Defendant.	
<b>TO</b> the Court.	,	Bailiffof	
WHEREAS on the was obtained by together with	day of against costs:	, 20 , judgment for the sum of	

This is therefore to authorise you to levy the same, with all subsequent costs as allowed by the District Courts (Procedure) Act,\* on the goods and chattels of the said (the bedding and wearing apparel of himself and his family, and to the value of twenty-five dollars, the tools and implements of his trade only, excepted) the sum stated at the foot of this writ together with the costs of this execution, and to pay the same to the Clerk of this Court, and make return under this writ immediately upon the execution thereof.

**DATED** this

day of

, 20 .

Magistrate.

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34	CAP. 97]	District Courts (Procedure)
	*CAP. 97	
		Judgment \$
		Costs
		Total
		Paid to account
		Remaining due
		Subsequent costs
		Total amount to be levied

FORM NO. 4

[Section 50]

Interpleader Summons to Third Party

BELIZE

In the

District Court.

Plaintiff.

VS.

Defendant.

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of

ТО

TAKE NOTICE thatthe above-named de-fendant, ofhas made application to the magistrate for theJudicial District, that he does not claim any interest in the subject-matter of the above-named action, but that the right thereto belongs to you, thesaid:

This is therefore to require you to be and appear at o'clock in the noon on , the day of , 20 , at before the District Court, to do all matters and things touching the said premises by law required of you.

<b>DATED</b> this	day of	, 20 .
		Magistrate.

## FORM NO. 5

### [Section 51]

Interpleader Summons to Party claiming Personal Property taken in Execution

## BELIZE

In the

District Court.

Plaintiff.

VS.

THE SUBSTANTIVE LAWS OF BELIZE

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36	CAP. 97]	Distric	et Courts (Procedu	ire)
				Defendant.
	ТО	of		
	YOU are here	by required to b	e and appear at	o'clock in the
	noon or	the	day of	, 20 , at
	b	efore the said Co	urt in order that th	e said Court may hear
	the allegations wh	ich you may hav	e to make in the ma	tter of the claim which
	you have made to	certain		
	taken in executio		Bailiff of the	e said Court by virtue

of a process issued by the said Court at the suit of against and to do all matters and things touching the premises by law required of you.

District Courts (Procedure)

<b>DATED</b> this	day of	, 20 .
		Magisi

trate. ı۲

FORM NO. 6

[Section 51]

Interpleader Summons to Party on whose behalf Execution issued

BELIZE.

**CAP. 97**]

In the

District Court.

Plaintiff.

VS.

Defendant.

THE SUBSTANTIVE LAWS OF BELIZE

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of

ТО

of **TAKE NOTICE** that has, by his notice in writing dated the day of 20, and addressed to Bailiff of the said Court, made claim to certain taken in execution under a process issued by the said Court and bearing date the day of . 20 , in an action in which you are the plaintiff and is the defendant and that the said has made application to the said Court to summon before it and hear the allegations of as well the party at whose instance that process issued as the party making the claim: This is therefore to require you to be and appear at o'clock the day of , 20 in the noon on , at

before the said Court, to do all matters and things touching the premises by law required of you.

, 20

**DATED** this

day of

Magistrate.

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## FORM NO. 7

## [Section 59]

## Record Book of District Court

BELIZE. In the

## District Court.

No. of case
Date of lodging claim
Date of issuing summons
Name of Plaintiff
Name of Defendant
Substance of claim
Date of judgment
Minute of judgment
Costs
Judgment if satisfied
Remarks

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